CLAIMS

1. A method for manufacturing a heat-fusion bonding adhesive comprising the steps of heating a thermoplastic resin to a temperature of no less than a softening point of the resin, and dispersing the resin in the softened state in an aqueous medium to obtain an aqueous dispersion of the thermoplastic resin.

- 10. 2. The manufacturing method according to claim 1, wherein the dispersing of said thermoplastic resin in said aqueous medium is conducted by applying a shear force to said aqueous medium by stirring.
- 15 3. The manufacturing method according to claim 2, wherein the stirring of said aqueous medium is conducted till said thermoplastic resin is divided into particles with a weight-average particle diameter of 0.1-20µm.

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4. The manufacturing method according to claim 1, wherein at least one of a surfactant, a dispersing agent, and a basic substance is added to said aqueous medium.

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5. The manufacturing method according to claim 1, wherein said thermoplastic resin is softened by being heated to a temperature of $50-300^{\circ}$ C.

6. The manufacturing method according to claim 1, wherein the ratio of said aqueous medium is 30-1500 weight parts per 100 weight parts of said thermoplastic resin.

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7. The manufacturing method according to claim 1, wherein the viscosity of said aqueous medium is adjusted to 5000-50,000mPa·sec by the addition of a viscosity-adjusting agent.

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8. The manufacturing method according to claim 1, wherein said thermoplastic resin is selected from the group consisting of copolyamide resins, copolyester resins, and mixtures thereof.

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- 9. The manufacturing method according to claim 8, wherein said copolyamide resin has structural units of at least two types selected from the group consisting of $-[NH(CH_2)_5CO]-$, $-[NH(CH_2)_6NHCO(CH_2)_4CO]-$, $-[NH(CH_2)_6NHCO(CH_2)_4CO]-$,
- 20 $[NH(CH_2)_6NHCO(CH_2)_8CO] -$, $-[NH(CH_2)_{10}CO] -$, and $-[NH(CH_2)_{11}CO] -$.
- 10. The manufacturing method according to claim 8, wherein said copolyester resin is a resin obtained by polycondensation of an acid component comprising terephthalic acid and isophthalic acid and a diol component selected from the group consisting of

ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, 1,4-butane diol, and 1,6-hexane diol.

11. A heat-fusion bonding adhesive prepared by the 5 manufacturing method defined in any one of claims 1 to 10.

12. An adhesive fabric obtained by coating, on a surface of a base fabric, the heat-fusion bonding adhesive prepared by the manufacturing method defined in any one of claims 1 to 10, and then thermally fusing the adhesive.